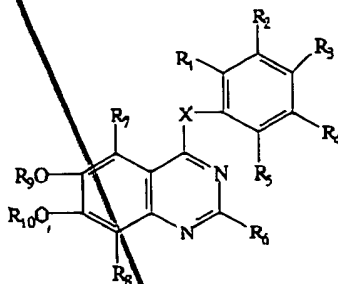


30. (Once Amended) A method of treating UVB radiation-induced inflammatory response in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of a compound of formula I:



wherein

X is selected from the group consisting of HN,  $R_{11}N$ , S, O,  $CH_2$ , and  $R_{11}CH$ ;

$R_{11}$  is  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl or  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkanoyl;

$R_1 - R_5$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy and halo;

$R_6$ ,  $R_7$ , and  $R_8$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, mercapto, amino, nitro,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_5)$ alkylthio and halo; and

$R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  are each independently hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy, halo or  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkanoyl; or  $R_9$  and  $R_{10}$  together are methylenedioxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

32. (Once Amended) A method of treating UVB radiation-induced inflammatory response in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of a compound having a structural formula;

